



Economic Growth Region 9

Statistical Data Report for May 2016, Released July 2016

Regional and State Unemployment (seasonally adjusted)

Unemployment rates were significantly higher in May in five states, lower in 4 states and the District of Columbia, and stable in 41 states, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Sixteen states and the District had notable unemployment rate decreases from a year earlier, two states had increases, and 32 states had no significant change. The national jobless rate declined by 0.3 percentage point from April to 4.7 percent and was 0.8 point lower than in May 2015.

In May, five states had statistically significant unemployment rate increases. The largest of these increases occurred in Colorado and Nevada. Four states and the District of Columbia had notable rate decreases, the largest of which were in North Carolina and the District (-0.3 percentage point each). The remaining 41 states had jobless rates that were not significantly different from those of a month earlier, though some had changes that were at least as large numerically as the significant changes.



Economic Growth Region (EGR) 9

Bartholomew, Dearborn, Decatur, Franklin, Jackson, Jefferson, Jennings, Ohio, Ripley, and Switzerland Counties.

May 2016 Labor Force Estimates (not seasonally adjusted)						
Area	Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	May 2016 Rate	Apr 2016 Rate	May 2015 Rate
U.S.	158,800,000	151,594,000	7,207,000	4.5%	4.7%	5.3%
IN	3,368,037	3,222,188	145,849	4.3%	4.8%	4.9%
EGR 9	173,248	166,409	6,839	3.9%	4.4%	4.4%
Columbus MSA	45,368	43,882	1,486	3.3%	3.5%	3.6%
Bartholomew Co.	45,368	43,882	1,486	3.3%	3.5%	3.6%
Dearborn Co.	26,200	25,026	1,174	4.5%	5.0%	5.0%
Decatur Co.	14,950	14,446	504	3.4%	3.8%	4.0%
Franklin Co.	12,023	11,550	473	3.9%	4.6%	4.8%
Jackson Co.	22,858	22,016	842	3.7%	3.9%	4.0%
Jefferson Co.	15,893	15,178	715	4.5%	5.1%	4.8%
Jennings Co.	13,618	13,001	617	4.5%	5.1%	5.0%
Ohio Co.	3,339	3,174	165	4.9%	5.4%	5.2%
Ripley Co.	13,998	13,363	635	4.5%	5.1%	5.4%
Switzerland Co.	5,001	4,773	228	4.6%	5.1%	4.9%
Batesville	3,521	3,390	131	3.7%	4.1%	4.2%
Brookville	1,170	1,112	58	5.0%	6.3%	5.1%
Columbus	26,014	25,147	867	3.3%	3.6%	3.6%
Greensburg	6,507	6,300	207	3.2%	3.7%	3.8%
Lawrenceburg	1,991	1,875	116	5.8%	6.4%	6.5%
Madison	5,819	5,551	268	4.6%	5.3%	5.1%
North Vernon	2,852	2,712	140	4.9%	5.3%	5.8%
Seymour	9,988	9,604	384	3.8%	4.2%	4.2%

Source: Indiana Workforce Development, Research & Analysis, Local Area Unemployment Statistics. Released 6-20-16 Notes: The data displayed are presented as estimates only. The most recent month's data are always preliminary and are revised when the next month's data are released

Unemployment Rates by State, May 2016

(seasonally adjusted)

- U.S. - 4.7%
- Illinois - 6.4%
- Indiana - 5.0%**
- Kentucky - 5.1%
- Michigan - 4.7%
- Ohio - 5.1%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Unemployment Rank by County, May 2016

(high to low)

- #22 - Ohio 4.9
- #30 - Switzerland 4.6%
- #31- Dearborn 4.5%
- #33 - Jefferson 4.5%
- #34 -Jennings 4.5%
- #37 - Ripley 4.5%
- #57 - Franklin 3.9%
- #70 - Jackson 3.7%
- #84 - Decatur 3.4%
- #87 - Bartholomew 3.3%

Source: Indiana Dept. of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

Unemployment Claims, May 2016

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Initial Claims

5/7/2016 - 88 (D)
 5/14/2016 - 96 (D)
 5/21/2016 - 80 (D)
 5/28/2016 - 96 (D)

Continued Claims

5/7/2016 - 789
 5/14/2016 - 829
 5/21/2016 - 816
 5/28/2016 - 778

Total Claims*

5/7/2016 - 877
 5/14/2016 - 925
 5/21/2016 - 896
 5/28/2016 - 874

State of Indiana

Initial Claims

5/7/2016 - 2,534
 5/14/2016 - 3,077
 5/21/2016 - 2,864
 5/28/2016 - 3,565

Continued Claims

5/7/2016 - 20,002
 5/14/2016 - 19,901
 5/21/2016 - 19,800
 5/28/2016 - 20,488

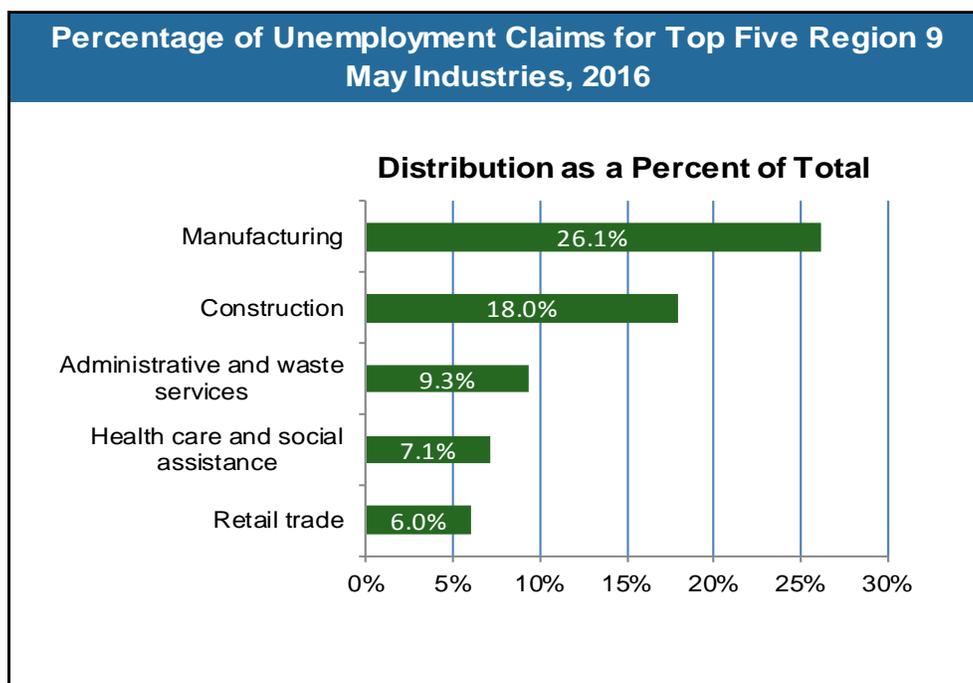
Total Claims*

5/7/2016 - 22,536
 5/14/2016 - 22,978
 5/21/2016 - 22,664
 5/28/2016 - 24,053

Source: Indiana Department of Workforce Development, Indiana Career Connect

Consumer Price Index (CPI-U Change), Unadjusted Percent Change to May 2016 from:				
CPI Item	May-16	Apr-16	May-16	Apr-16
	Midwest Region*		U.S. City	
All Items	0.8%	0.4%	1.0%	0.4%
Food & Beverages	0.7%	-0.2%	0.7%	-0.2%
Housing	1.8%	0.3%	2.4%	0.4%
Apparel	1.0%	0.6%	0.5%	0.0%
Transportation	-3.8%	1.7%	-3.8%	1.6%
Medical Care	3.3%	0.4%	3.2%	0.3%
Recreation	1.0%	-0.1%	1.1%	0.0%
Education & Communication	0.7%	-0.3%	1.1%	-0.2%
Other Goods & Services	2.1%	0.4%	2.2%	2.0%

*Midwest region = Midwest Urban Average. Midwest Region includes Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota and Wisconsin



Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, UI Statistics

WARN Notice

There are No WARN Notices for May in EGR 9.

For information on WARN Act requirements, you may go to the U.S. Department of Labor Employment Training Administration Fact Sheet:
<http://www.doleta.gov/programs/factsht/warn.htm>

Columbus Metropolitan Division Wage and Salaried Employment, May 2016

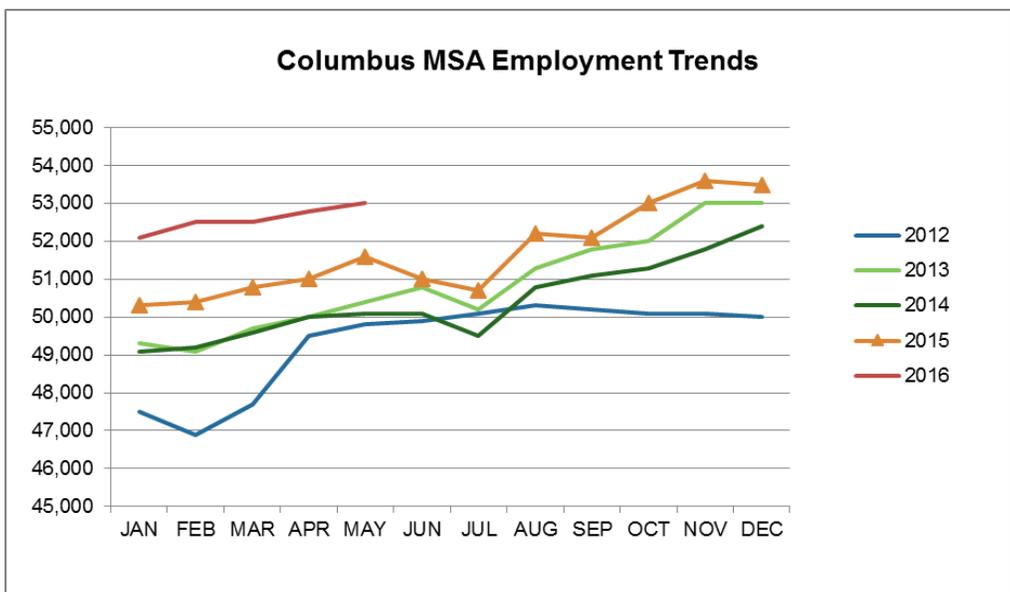
Industry	May-16	Apr-16	May-15	Number Change		Percent Change	
				April-16 to May-16	May-15 to May-16	Number Change	Percent Change
Total Non-farm	53,000	53,000	51,600	0	0.0%	1,400	2.7%
Total Private	45,800	45,800	45,200	0	0.0%	600	1.3%
Goods Producing	20,600	20,900	20,900	-300	-1.4%	-300	-1.4%
Service-Providing	32,400	32,100	30,700	300	0.9%	1,700	5.5%
Private Service Providing	25,200	24,900	24,300	300	1.2%	900	3.7%
Mining, Logging and Construction	1,700	1,700	1,700	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Manufacturing	18,900	19,200	19,200	-300	-1.6%	-300	-1.6%
Durable Goods	17,000	17,300	17,300	-300	-1.7%	-300	-1.7%
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	8,200	8,100	7,500	100	1.2%	700	9.3%
Retail Trade	5,100	5,000	4,700	100	2.0%	400	8.5%
Information	400	400	400	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Financial Activities	1,400	1,400	1,400	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Professional and Business Services	5,500	5,500	5,400	0	0.0%	100	1.9%
Education and Health Services	4,100	4,100	4,100	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Leisure and Hospitality	4,300	4,200	4,200	100	2.4%	100	2.4%
Other Services	1,300	1,200	1,300	100	8.3%	0	0.0%
Government	7,200	7,200	6,400	0	0.0%	800	12.5%
Federal Government	200	200	200	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
State Government	2,100	2,100	1,400	0	0.0%	700	50.0%
Local Government	4,900	4,900	4,800	0	0.0%	100	2.1%
Local Government Educational Services	2,000	2,000	2,000	0	0.0%	0	0.0%

Applicant Pool

Top 20 Occupations Desired by Applicants on Their Résumés in the Past 12 Months

- 1 Production Workers, All Other - 91
- 2 Customer Service Representatives - 76
- 3 Administrative Services Managers - 66
- 4 Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other - 66
- 5 Office Clerks, General - 58
- 6 Managers, All Other - 49
- 7 Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand - 42
- 8 Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks - 38
- 9 Helpers--Production Workers - 37
- 10 Receptionists and Information Clerks - 35
- 11 Cashiers - 34
- 12 First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers - 32
- 13 Maintenance and Repair Workers, General - 31
- 14 Office and Administrative Support Workers, All Other - 29
- 15 Executive Secretaries and Executive Administrative Assistants - 27
- 16 Construction Laborers - 26
- 17 Machinists - 26
- 18 Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive - 25
- 19 General and Operations Managers - 24
- 20 Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers - 24

Source: Indiana Department of Workforce Development, Indiana Career Connect

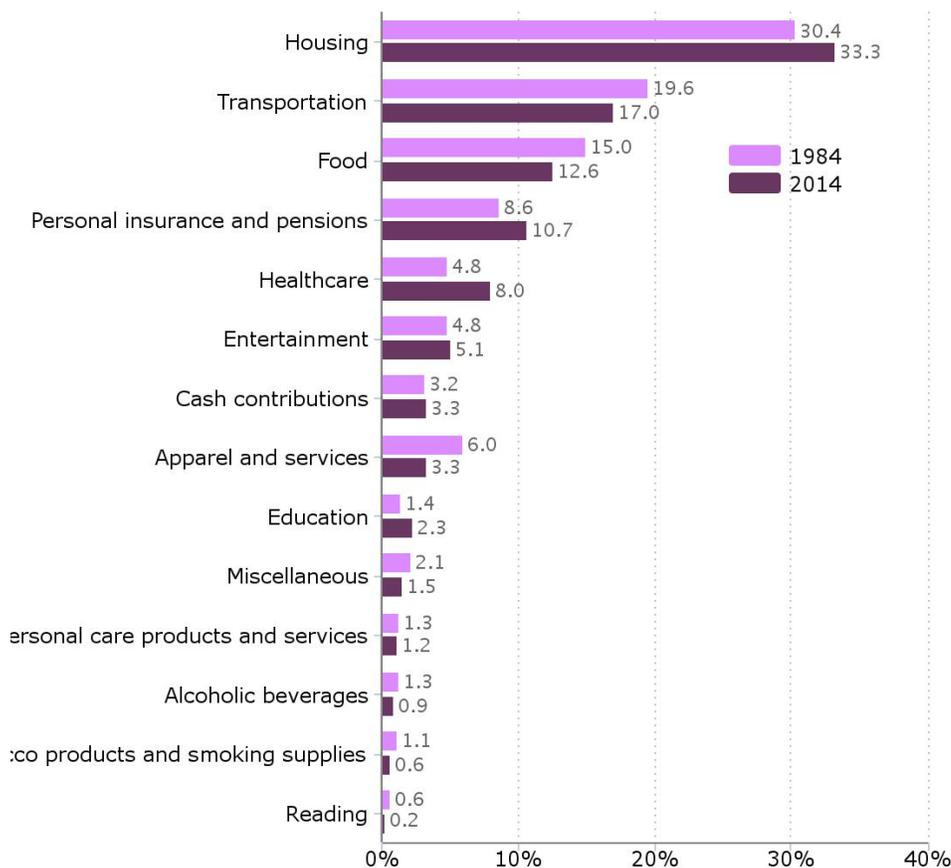


Share of total spending on healthcare increased from 5% in 1984 to 8% in 2014

The Economics Daily, The Bureau of Labor Statistics May 2016

Comparing consumer spending in 2014 to spending in 1984, consumers spent a higher share of total spending in 2014 on healthcare, housing, personal insurance and pensions, education, and entertainment. Consumers in 2014 spent a smaller share on food, transportation, apparel and services, tobacco and smoking supplies, alcoholic beverages, and reading. The portion of total spending on personal care products and services as well as cash contributions in 2014 was about the same as that spent in 1984.

Percent distribution of expenditures for all consumer units, 1984 and 2014 annual averages



Click legend items to change data display. Hover over chart to view data.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

In 2014, consumers spent 8.0 percent of total spending on healthcare, compared with 4.8 percent in 1984. Consumers spent 5.4 percent of total spending on health insurance in 2014, compared with 1.7 percent in 1984.

Consumers in 2014 spent a higher share of total spending on housing (33.3 percent) than they did in 1984 (30.4 percent). In 2014, consumers spent a higher portion of total spending on owned (19.6 percent) and rented dwellings. In 1984, 15.0 percent of total consumer spending was on food. This compared with 12.6 percent in 2014. Consumers in 1984 spent a higher share of total spending on both food at home and food away from home than in 2014.

Frequently Listed Jobs

Top 20 Job listings by number of openings in Region 9 for the month of May 2016

- 1 Computer-Controlled Machine Tool Operators, Metal and Plastic
- 2 Production Workers, All Other
- 3 Helpers--Production Workers
- 4 Customer Service Representatives
- 5 Team Assemblers
- 6 Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other
- 7 Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand
- 8 Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses
- 9 Social and Human Service Assistants
- 10 Registered Nurses
- 11 Food Preparation Workers
- 12 Mental Health and Substance Abuse Social Workers
- 13 Home Health Aides
- 14 Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Workers, All Other
- 15 Security Guards
- 16 Mechanical Engineers
- 17 Electrical Engineers
- 18 Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers
- 19 Therapists, All Other
- 20 Counter Attendants, Cafeteria, Food Concession, and Coffee Shop

