



Economic Growth Region 7

Statistical Data Report for May 2016, Released July 2016

Regional and State Unemployment (seasonally adjusted)

Unemployment rates were significantly higher in May in five states, lower in four states and the District of Columbia, and stable in 41 states, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported. Sixteen states and the District had notable unemployment rate decreases from a year earlier, two states had increases, and 32 states had no significant change. The national jobless rate declined by 0.3 percentage point from April to 4.7 percent and was 0.8 point lower than in May 2015.

In May, the only region with an unemployment rate significantly different from that of the U.S. was the West at 5.1 percent. Over the month, the South had the only statistically significant unemployment rate change (-0.1 percentage point). Significant over-the-year rate decreases occurred in three regions: the West (-0.8 percentage point), Northeast (-0.6 point), and South (-0.5 point).



Economic Growth Region (EGR) 7

Clay, Parke, Putnam, Sullivan, Vermillion and Vigo Counties.

Unemployment Rate by State - May 2016

(seasonally adjusted)

U.S. - 4.7%

Indiana - 5.0%

Illinois - 6.4%

Kentucky - 5.1%

Michigan - 4.7%

Ohio - 5.1%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Unemployment Rate by County – May 2016

(high to low)

1 **Vermillion** 6.5%

5 **Sullivan** 5.8%

9 **Vigo** 5.5%

16 **Parke** 5.1%

24 **Clay** 4.7%

45 **Putnam** 4.3%

Source: Indiana Dept. of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

May 2016 Labor Force Estimates (not seasonally adjusted)						
Area	Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	May 2016 Rate	Apr 2016 Rate	May 2015 Rate
U.S.	158,800,000	151,594,000	7,207,000	4.5%	4.7%	5.3%
IN	3,368,037	3,222,188	145,849	4.3%	4.8%	4.9%
EGR 7	103,388	97,923	5,465	5.3%	5.8%	5.9%
Terre Haute MSA	78,787	74,447	4,340	5.5%	5.9%	6.1%
Clay Co.	12,659	12,062	597	4.7%	5.0%	5.3%
Parke Co.	7,478	7,096	382	5.1%	5.9%	5.5%
Putnam Co.	17,123	16,380	743	4.3%	5.0%	5.0%
Sullivan Co.	8,999	8,474	525	5.8%	6.3%	5.9%
Vermillion Co.	7,432	6,951	481	6.5%	7.3%	7.1%
Vigo Co.	49,697	46,960	2,737	5.5%	5.9%	6.2%
Terre Haute	25,965	24,412	1,553	6.0%	6.2%	6.8%

State Release Date: 6/20/2016

Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

Notes: The data displayed are presented as estimates only. The most recent month's data are always preliminary and are revised when the next month's data are released.

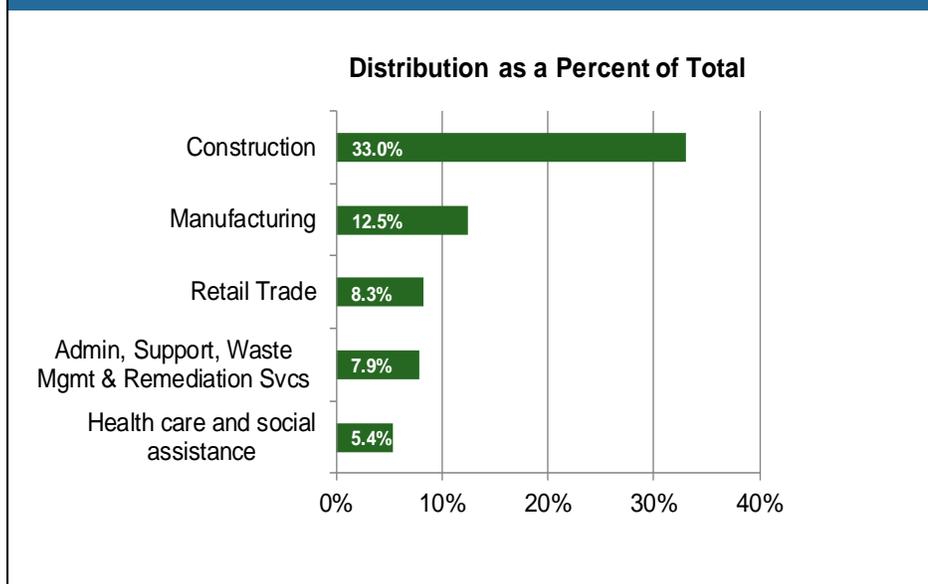
**Consumer Price Index (CPI-U Change),
Unadjusted Percent Change to May 2016 from:**

CPI Item	U.S. City		Midwest Region*	
	May-15	Apr-16	May-15	Apr-16
All Items	1.0%	0.4%	0.8%	0.4%
Food & Beverages	0.7%	-0.2%	0.7%	-0.2%
Housing	2.4%	0.4%	1.8%	0.3%
Apparel	0.5%	0.0%	1.0%	0.6%
Transportation	-3.8%	1.6%	-3.8%	1.7%
Medical Care	3.2%	0.3%	3.3%	0.4%
Recreation	1.1%	0.0%	1.0%	-0.1%
Education & Communication	1.1%	-0.2%	0.7%	-0.3%
Other Goods & Services	2.2%	2.0%	2.1%	0.4%

*Midwest region = Midwest Urban Average. Midwest Region includes Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota and Wisconsin

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Percentage of Unemployment Claims for Top Five Region 7 Industries, May 2016



Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

WARN Notices

There are no WARN notices for May 2016 in EGR 7.

For information on WARN Act requirements, you may go to the U.S. Department of Labor Employment Training Administration Fact Sheet:

<http://www.doleta.gov/programs/factsht/warn.htm>

**Unemployment Claims,
May 2016**

**Economic Growth Region
(EGR) 7**

Initial Claims

May 7th - **87^D**
 May 14th - **115^D**
 May 21st - **103^D**
 May 28th - **105^D**

Continued Claims

May 7th - **789**
 May 14th - **804**
 May 21st - **784**
 May 28th - **792**

Total Claims*

May 7th - **876**
 May 14th - **919**
 May 21st - **887**
 May 28th - **897**

^D indicates item is affected by non-disclosure issues relating to industry or ownership status.

State of Indiana

Initial Claims

May 7th - **2,534**
 May 14th - **3,077**
 May 21st - **2,864**
 May 28th - **3,565**

Continued Claims

May 7th - **20,002**
 May 14th - **19,901**
 May 21st - **19,800**
 May 28th - **20,488**

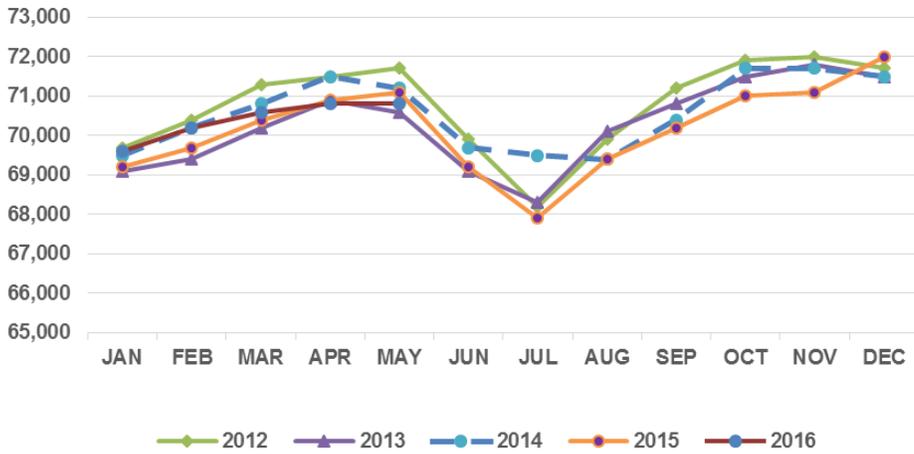
Total Claims*

May 7th - **22,536**
 May 14th - **22,978**
 May 21st - **22,664**
 May 28th - **24,053**

*Total claims include EUC (Emergency Unemployment Compensation) and EB (State Extended Benefits).

Source: Indiana Dept. of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis

Terre Haute MSA Employment Trends



Applicant Pool Region 7

Top 20 Occupations Desired by Applicants on Their Resumes in the Past 12 Months

1	Cashiers	95
2	Customer Service Representatives	92
3	Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other	82
4	Office Clerks, General	76
5	Nursing Assistants	75
6	Production Workers, All Other	68
7	Helpers--Production Workers	59
8	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	58
9	Administrative Services Managers	53
10	Managers, All Other	45
11	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	41
12	Receptionists and Information Clerks	37
13	Construction Laborers	36
14	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	35
15	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	34
16	Retail Salespersons	33
17	Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	31
18	Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	26
19	Janitors and Cleaners, Except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	25
20	Office and Administrative Support Workers, All Other	25

Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Indiana Career Connect



Terre Haute MSA						
Wage and Salaried Employment, May 2016			Number Change	Percent Change	Number Change	Percent Change
Industry	May-16	Apr-16	May-15	Apr-16 to May-16	May-15 to May-16	
Total Nonfarm Employment	70,800	70,800	71,100	0	0.0%	-300 -0.4%
Total Private Employment	58,200	58,000	58,400	200	0.3%	-200 -0.3%
Goods Producing	14,600	14,600	15,000	0	0.0%	-400 -2.7%
---Mining, Logging, Construction	3,800	3,800	4,000	0	0.0%	-200 -5.0%
---Manufacturing	10,800	10,800	11,000	0	0.0%	-200 -1.8%
Service Providing	56,200	56,200	56,100	0	0.0%	100 0.2%
Private Service Providing	43,600	43,400	43,400	200	0.5%	200 0.5%
---Trade, Transp, & Utilities	12,700	12,500	12,800	200	1.6%	-100 -0.8%
Wholesale Trade	1,600	1,600	1,700	0	0.0%	-100 -5.9%
Retail Trade	8,700	8,600	8,700	100	1.2%	0 0.0%
Transp/Warehousing/Utils	2,400	2,300	2,400	100	4.4%	0 0.0%
---Information	600	600	600	0	0.0%	0 0.0%
---Financial Activities	2,500	2,500	2,500	0	0.0%	0 0.0%
---Professional & Business	5,600	5,500	5,800	100	1.8%	-200 -3.5%
---Education and Health Svcs	11,800	11,800	11,500	0	0.0%	300 2.6%
---Leisure and Hospitality	7,500	7,600	7,400	-100	-1.3%	100 1.4%
---Other Services	2,900	2,900	2,800	0	0.0%	100 3.6%
Government	12,600	12,800	12,700	-200	-1.6%	-100 -0.8%
---Federal Government	1,200	1,200	1,300	0	0.0%	-100 -7.7%
---State Government	4,700	5,000	4,600	-300	-6.0%	100 2.2%
---Local Government	6,700	6,600	6,800	100	1.5%	-100 -1.5%
Local Govt Educ Svcs	3,500	3,500	3,500	0	0.0%	0 0.0%

Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, Current Employment Statistics

Terre Haute MSA includes: Clay, Sullivan, Vermillion and Vigo counties

Scaling Up Apprenticeships at Home: Lessons from Abroad

U.S. Department of Labor Blog, By Robert Lerman on June 30, 2016

Apprenticeships offer high quality training that combines work-based learning with academic instruction. They raise the earnings of workers and reduce skill shortages experienced by firms. The Labor Department's Office of Apprenticeship is leading the effort to increase the numbers and widen the occupational coverage of U.S. apprenticeships with demonstration grants, enhanced technical assistance, and the development of competency skill standards for apprenticeship.

Today, with support from Congress and the Obama administration, the department is requesting contract proposals from national industry and workforce intermediary organizations to expand registered apprenticeships in the United States.

Apprentices at the San Francisco Electrical Industry Apprenticeship and Training Trust in California demonstrate their skills. Nearly every country with a large-scale apprenticeship system relies heavily on intermediaries, organizations which operate between government and private individuals, families and employers.

In Germany, for example, Chambers of Commerce encourage firms to operate programs, hire apprentices, help company trainers, assess apprentices, and award certificates upon completion of training.

England's intermediaries, private employment and learning providers, have persuaded many employers to start apprenticeship programs. They've also helped with implementation, screened applicants for available openings, and provided the required off-job training. Nearly 40 percent of participating employers in England reported that their main reason for offering apprenticeships was "being approached by a training provider." Many knew little about apprenticeship prior to their work with training providers. However, about 80 percent continue to offer apprenticeships after the initial wave of apprentices completes. Intermediary support explains a good deal of employer satisfaction.

Australia offers another example where intermediaries are of vital importance to a scaled-up apprenticeship system. Group Training Organizations (GTOs) have worked with over 100,000 employers to set up and operate apprenticeships. The GTOs market apprenticeships to employers, find good candidates for apprenticeships, and arrange for off-job training. They also partner with schools and government career services to increase awareness of apprenticeships among students and parents.

In the U.S., the most prominent intermediaries promoting and operating apprenticeships are trade unions and construction industry associations. Both groups can take credit for funding and running high quality apprenticeship programs that generate high wages, matched by high productivity. The workers and employers often fund and conduct classroom training, usually in their own training centers.

The construction apprenticeship models have generated a highly skilled and productive workforce. But extending apprenticeships to other occupations and industries – such as health, IT, logistics and energy – will likely require a wider range of intermediaries.

Today's opportunities for expanding registered apprenticeships are extraordinary. Apprenticeships offer a proven approach to learning occupational skills. They are cost-effective for workers, who do not have to accumulate college debt or forego income while pursuing training. They are cost-effective for firms, which can recoup their investments through reduced recruitment and turnover costs and enhanced productivity. And they are cost-effective for the government, since employers bear most of the training costs.

What has been missing in the United States for many years is a mechanism for attracting enough employers to the world of registered apprenticeship. That is why this week's announcement of Apprenticeship USA contracts for industry intermediaries is so important. These intermediaries will play a key role in stimulating employers to adopt apprenticeships as a primary tool for recruiting and building a skilled workforce, which will ultimately lead to a dramatic increase in opportunities for rewarding careers for American workers.

Robert Lerman is an institute fellow at the Urban Institute, emeritus professor of economics at American University and a research fellow at IZA in Bonn, Germany.

Frequently Listed Jobs Region 7

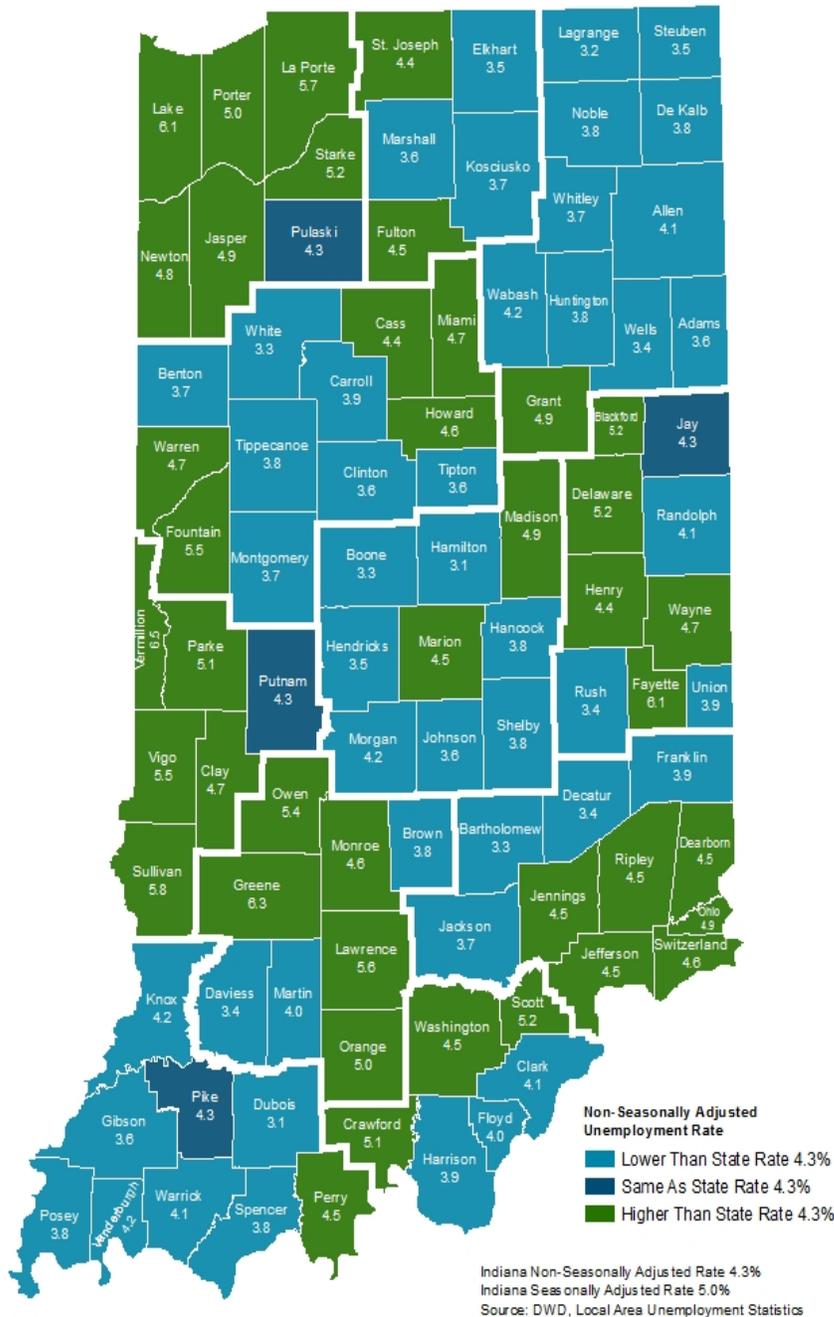
Top 20 Job listings by number of openings for May 2016

- 1 Team Assemblers
- 2 Production Workers, All Other
- 3 Helpers--Pipelayers, Plumbers, Pipefitters, and Steamfitters
- 4 Registered Nurses
- 5 Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers
- 6 Food Preparation Workers
- 7 Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand
- 8 Janitors and Cleaners, Except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners
- 9 Security Guards
- 10 Sales Representatives, Services, All Other
- 11 Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses
- 12 Marketing Managers
- 13 Brickmasons and Blockmasons
- 14 Sales Representatives, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Except Technical and Scientific Products
- 15 Customer Service Representatives
- 16 Compensation, Benefits, and Job Analysis Specialists
- 17 Demonstrators and Product
- 18 Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Workers, All Other
- 19 Insurance Policy Processing Clerks
- 20 Social and Human Service Assistants

Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Indiana Career Connect



County Unemployment Rates May 2016



INDIANA
WORKFORCE
 DEVELOPMENT
 AND ITS **WorkOne** CENTERS

Questions?

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