

Labor Market Review

Statistical data report for April 2011, Released June 2011

Economic Growth Region 7

Regional and State Unemployment (seasonally adjusted)

The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported regional and state unemployment rates were generally little changed or slightly lower in April. Thirty-nine states recorded unemployment rate decreases, three states and the District of Columbia registered rate increases, and eight states had no rate change. Forty-six states and the District of Columbia posted unemployment rate decreases from a year earlier, three states reported increases, and one state had no change. The national jobless rate edged up by 0.2 percentage point between March and April to 9.0 percent, but was 0.8 point lower than a year earlier.

Nevada continued to register the highest unemployment rate among the states, 12.5 percent in April. North Dakota reported the lowest jobless rate at 3.3 percent. In total 24 states posted jobless rates significantly lower than the U.S. figure of 9.0 percent, seven states recorded measurably higher rates, and 19 states and the District of Columbia had rates that were not appreciably different from that of the nation.

Economic Growth Region (EGR) 7 includes: Clay, Parke, Putnam, Sullivan, Vermillion and Vigo Counties



Labor Force Estimates (not seasonally adjusted), April 2011

Area	Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	Apr 2011 Rate	Mar 2011 Rate	Apr 2010 Rate
U. S.	152,898,000	139,661,000	13,237,000	8.7%	9.2%	9.5%
Indiana	3,103,108	2,853,043	250,065	8.1%	8.8%	10.4%
Terre Haute MSA	78,552	71,384	7,168	9.1%	10.0%	11.0%
EGR 7	103,015	93,607	9,408	9.1%	10.2%	10.9%
Clay Co.	12,526	11,391	1,135	9.1%	10.7%	10.3%
Parke Co.	7,800	7,134	666	8.5%	9.5%	10.1%
Putnam Co.	16,664	15,089	1,575	9.5%	11.2%	10.5%
Sullivan Co.	8,631	7,867	764	8.9%	10.1%	10.4%
Vermillion Co.	7,636	6,918	718	9.4%	11.7%	12.7%
Vigo Co.	49,758	45,208	4,550	9.1%	9.6%	11.1%
Brazil	3,687	3,290	397	10.8%	12.0%	12.4%
Clinton	2,122	1,877	245	11.5%	12.5%	14.5%
Greencastle	4,407	4,007	400	9.1%	9.7%	9.6%
Rockville	1,231	1,086	145	11.8%	12.6%	13.1%
Sullivan City	1,787	1,596	191	10.7%	10.4%	14.5%
Terre Haute City	26,768	24,176	2,592	9.7%	9.9%	11.4%

N/A = Not available.

State Release Date: 5/20/2011

Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

Indiana and Surrounding States Unemployment, (seasonally adjusted), April 2011

State	Rate
Illinois	8.7%
Indiana	8.2%
Kentucky	10.0%
Michigan	10.2%
Ohio	8.6%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Unemployment Rate Ranking (High to Low)

Rank	County	Rate Apr 2011
18	Putnam	9.5%
19	Vermillion	9.4%
26	Clay	9.1%
27	Vigo	9.1%
33	Sullivan	8.9%
43	Parke	8.5%

Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research & Analysis, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

Consumer Price Index-Urban (CPI-U)

Unadjusted Percent Change to **April 2011** from:

CPI Item	Apr- 10	Mar- 11	Apr- 10	Mar- 11
	Midwest Region*		U.S. City	
All Items	3.3%	0.7%	3.2%	0.6%
Food & Beverages	3.1%	0.3%	3.1%	0.3%
Housing	1.0%	0.0%	1.0%	0.1%
Apparel	-1.2%	1.9%	0.1%	0.8%
Transportation	11.8%	3.4%	11.8%	2.8%
Medical Care	3.1%	0.1%	2.9%	0.3%
Recreation	-0.3%	0.1%	-0.4%	0.1%
Education & Communication	1.2%	-0.1%	1.0%	0.0%
Other Goods & Services	1.2%	-0.4%	1.9%	0.2%

*Midwest region = Midwest Urban Average. Expenditure categories are not available on a regional basis. Midwest Region includes Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota and Wisconsin

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Unemployment Claims for Region 7 – April 2011

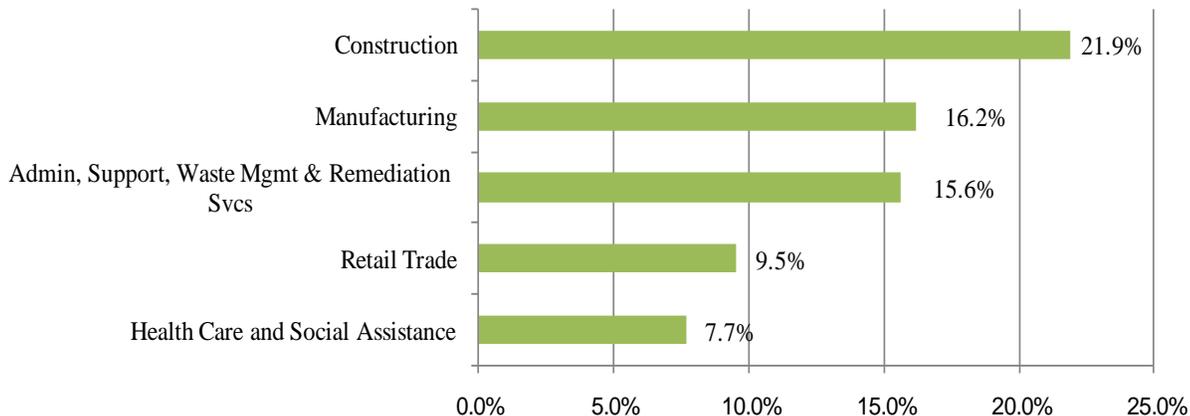
Week End >>	4/2/2011	4/9/2011	4/16/2011	4/23/2011	4/30/2011
Initial Claims					
Region 7	188(D)	310	206(D)	181(D)	273
Indiana	5,057	7,823	6,046	5,529	6,981
Continued Claims					
Region 7	2,856	2,558	2,552	2,375	2,354
Indiana	67,738	64,731	64,203	61,305	61,059
Total Claims					
Region 7	3,044	2,868	2,758	2,556	2,627
Indiana	72,795	72,554	70,249	66,834	68,040

Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research & Analysis, UI Statistics

(D): Indicates item is affected by non-disclosure issues relating to industries or ownership status.

EGR 7 Monthly Unemployment Claims - Top Five Industries, April 2011

Distribution as a Percent of Total



Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, UI Statistics

WARN Notices for Region 7

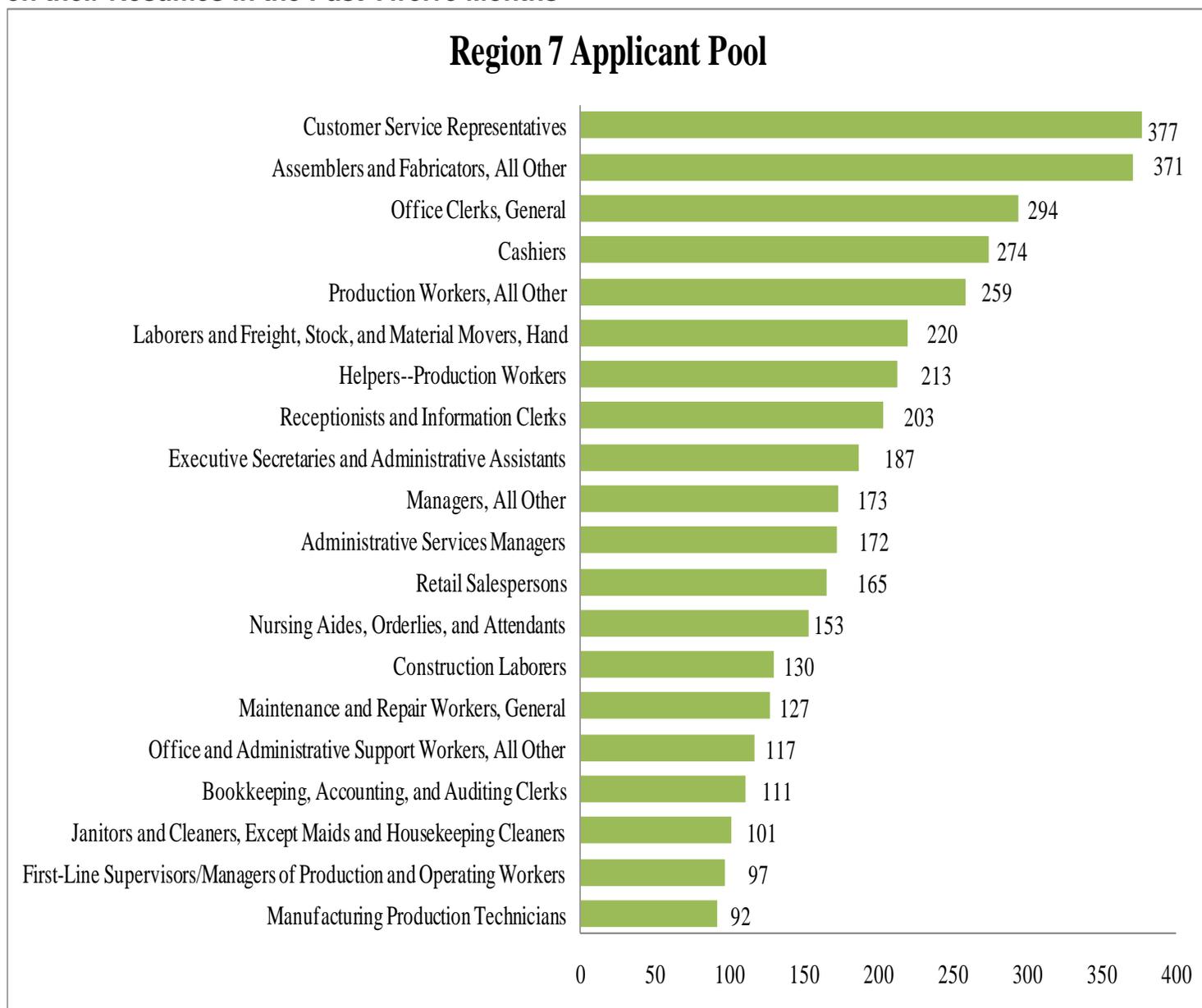
There are no WARN notices for April 2011

Source: Hoosiers by the Numbers WARN Notices, Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, April 2011

For information on WARN Act requirements, you may go to the U.S. Department of Labor Employment and Training Administration Fact Sheet at:

<http://www.doleta.gov/programs/factsht/warn.htm>

Applicant Pool: Top Twenty Occupations Desired by Active Applicants on their Resumes in the Past Twelve Months



Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Indiana Career Connect Database, 5/27/2011

Terre Haute MSA

The *Terre Haute MSA*
includes Clay, Sullivan,
Vermillion and Vigo counties

Wage and Salaried Employment, April 2011

				Number Change	Percent Change	Number Change	Percent Change
<i>Industry</i>	<i>Apr 2011</i>	<i>Mar 2011</i>	<i>Apr 2010</i>	<i>3/11-4/11</i>	<i>3/11-4/11</i>	<i>4/10-4/11</i>	<i>4/10-4/11</i>
Total Nonfarm	70,500	69,600	70,700	900	1.3%	-200	-0.3%
Total Private	58,600	56,900	57,600	1,700	3.0%	1,000	1.7%
Goods Producing	14,500	14,300	14,000	200	1.4%	500	3.6%
Service-Providing	56,000	55,300	56,700	700	1.3%	-700	-1.2%
Private Service Providing	44,100	42,600	43,600	1,500	3.5%	500	1.2%
---Mining, Logging and Construction	3,500	3,300	3,600	200	6.1%	-100	-2.8%
---Manufacturing	11,000	11,000	10,400	0	0.0%	600	5.8%
---Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	12,600	12,300	12,700	300	2.4%	-100	-0.8%
Wholesale Trade	1,700	1,700	1,700	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Retail Trade	8,400	8,100	8,500	300	3.7%	-100	-1.2%
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	2,500	2,500	2,500	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
---Information	600	600	700	0	0.0%	-100	-14.3%
---Financial Activities	2,500	2,400	2,500	100	4.2%	0	0.0%
---Professional and Business Services	5,700	5,500	5,300	200	3.6%	400	7.6%
---Education and Health Services	13,100	12,800	12,900	300	2.3%	200	1.6%
---Leisure and Hospitality	7,200	6,700	7,100	500	7.5%	100	1.4%
---Other Services	2,400	2,300	2,400	100	4.4%	0	0.0%
Government	11,900	12,700	13,100	-800	-6.3%	-1,200	-9.2%
---Federal Government	1,300	1,300	1,400	0	0.0%	-100	-7.1%
---State Government	3,800	4,500	4,600	-700	-15.6%	-800	-17.4%
---Local Government	6,800	6,900	7,100	-100	-1.5%	-300	-4.2%
Local Government Educational Services	3,800	3,900	4,000	-100	-2.6%	-200	-5.0%

Natural resources shown only in total nonagricultural, private and goods producing employment.

Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research & Analysis, Current Employment Statistics

Occupational Employment and Wages in 2010

(Excerpted from the Bureau of Labor Statistics report released May 2011)

Introduction

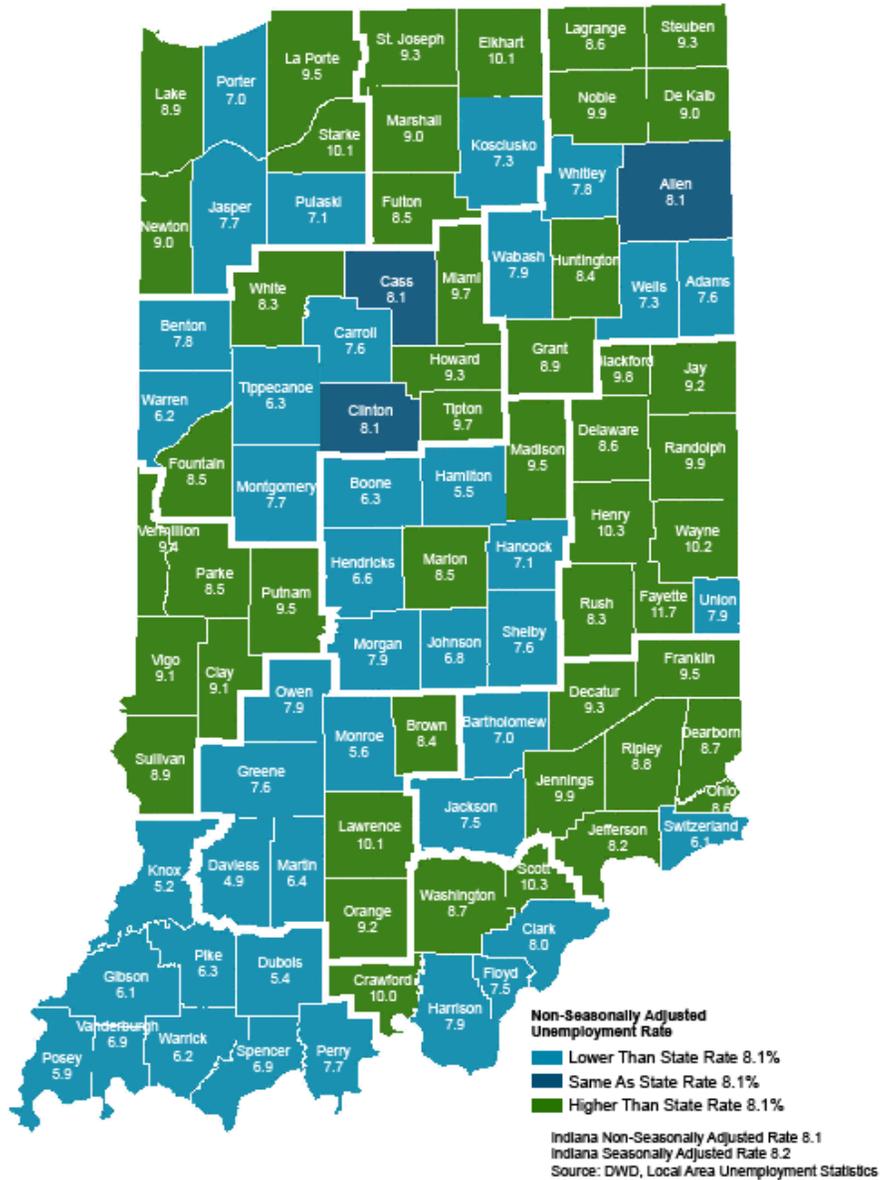
Retail salespersons and cashiers were the occupations with the highest employment in 2010, the U.S. Bureau Labor Statistics reported recently. These two occupations combined made up nearly 6 percent of total U.S. employment, with employment levels of 4.2 and 3.4 million, respectively. These data are from the Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) program, which provides employment and wage estimates for wage and salary workers in 22 major occupational groups and nearly 800 detailed occupations.

Highlights of the 2010 data

- The 10 largest occupations accounted for more than 20 percent of total employment in May 2010. In addition to retail salespersons and cashiers, the largest occupations included general office clerks; combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food; registered nurses; and waiters and waitresses.
- Most of the largest occupations were relatively low paying. Of the 10 largest occupations, only registered nurses had an average wage above the U.S. all-occupations mean of \$21.35 per hour or \$44,410 annually. Combined food preparation and serving workers, cashiers, and waiters and waitresses were the three lowest paying of the 10 largest occupations, and also among the lowest-paying occupations overall.
- Three of the largest occupations were office and administrative support jobs, helping to make office and administrative support the largest occupational group overall, representing 17 percent of total employment. The next largest groups were sales and related occupations and food preparation and serving related occupations, which made up about 11 and 9 percent of U.S. employment, respectively.
- The smallest occupational groups included legal occupations and life, physical, and social science occupations, each representing around 1 percent of total employment. Most employment in these two groups came from occupations with above average wages, such as judges, with an hourly mean wage of \$50.67; arbitrators, mediators, and conciliators (\$31.95); medical scientists, except epidemiologists (\$41.69); and physicists (\$53.86).
- Health care and social assistance was the industry sector with the highest employment, followed by retail trade. Over half of employment in the health care and social assistance sector was in healthcare-related occupations, including registered nurses; nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants; home health aides; and licensed vocational nurses. Other large occupations in this sector included personal care aides, medical secretaries, and childcare workers. More than 60 percent of retail trade employment was in just 4 occupations: retail salespersons, and order fillers, and first-line supervisors of retail sales workers.
- Industries with the highest all-occupations mean wages included computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing, software publishers, and several financial services industries. These industries tended to have high employment concentrations of occupations with above average wages. For example, the largest occupations included software developers, applications, with an hourly mean wage of \$45.65; software developers, systems software (\$48.48); computer programmers (\$39.16); and sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing, technical and scientific products (\$40.50).
- The industries with the lowest all-occupations mean wages consisted primarily of food service and retail trade service eating places, the industry with the lowest overall average wage, 8 of the 10 largest occupations had mean wages below \$10.00 per hour, including combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food (\$8.62); fast food cooks (\$8.85); and counter attendants, cafeteria, food concession, and coffee shop (\$8.82).

For a page linking to the table of contents of the full employment and wages report in html or pdf formats visit the BLS website: <http://www.bls.gov/news.release/ocwage.toc.htm>

County Unemployment Rates April 2011



Kim Stevenson
 30 North 8th Street
 Terre Haute, Indiana 47807
kstevenson@dwd.in.gov
 812 - 242-6427 - Desk

